

Crawford Avalanche

VOLUME FIFTY-SEVEN—NUMBER THIRTY-FIVE

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1935

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

Kiwanians Observe Constitution Week

SENIORS AMONG INVITED GUESTS

Brief Talks And Patriotic Music Complete Program

One of the finest meetings ever held by the local club was that of Wednesday when a "Constitution Week" program was given in the form of a symposium. A number of invited guests enlarged the crowd so that two long tables in Shoppenagons Inn were required to accommodate the diners.

Invitation extended to the Senior class of Grayling High school was accepted, and 26 of our boys and girls together with Mr. Bond and Mr. Roberts of the High School faculty occupied a table. Other guests were Fr. Moloney of St. Mary's church; Chaplain Connolly of the 4th district CCC camps, Rev. Flory of Michelson Memorial church; Rev. Juhl of the Danish Lutheran church; Alfred Hanson of Grayling American Legion post, Dr. Stanley A. Stealy, and Attorney Charles E. Moore.

With Mrs. Clippert at the piano the crowd marched in and took their places at the tables. Before seating one verse of America was sung, as is the usual custom at all Kiwanis meetings. Fr. Moloney gave the invocation. Frank Sales, official Kiwanis song leader, officiated in the singing of a number of patriotic songs during the luncheon.

Constitutional Talks.

After formal introduction of the guests, President Clippert began the program of talks by saying:

We are met here today to re-dedicate the National Constitution which was adopted September 17, 1787, and stress the Nation's ideal of Civil and Religious liberty.

In discussing the constitution, which has survived so many years, the question is whether it shall continue to be the supreme law of the land, and we cannot discuss the former without associating the flag with all its implications.

We are indeed indebted to the great Democrat of the ages, the friend of the publicans and sinners, and His life was taken away because He stood for the right of the common man.

As the centuries came and went the heaven born truths that fell from His lips were like the seed in the hand of the Egyptian. But in the providence of Almighty God they were to be planted in the fertile soil reserved for them thru the ages.

Free born men caught the contagion of the divine spirit. A flame with a passion for temperance, prudence, fortitude and justice, they struck the blow that was to break the heavy manacles from the hands of humanity and lift high the lights of hope above the path of human progress.

The American flag could never have come into existence had it not been for the teachings of the

one who died for His fellow men and for the pilgrim fathers who were definitely committed to the Gospel.

The American flag stands not for racial achievements nor national victories, but for eternal principles.

The loyalists of the Revolution brought this nation into existence not for their own pleasure or profit but for the good of God and man.

The Purpose of the Constitution (By Rev. Edgar Flory)

The Constitution is today in the limelight of public opinion. It is in the focus of our thinking, because the Constitution is the yardstick with which the New Deal laws are being measured.

What is this Constitution? It is the framework of our government, the fundamental law of the land. No serious consideration of this document can permit the purpose of the constitution to be overlooked. That purpose expressed in the Declaration of Independence in the words:

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness."

That purpose is further expressed in the preamble to the Constitution of the United States, which every school boy and girl is supposed to memorize: "We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this constitution for the United States of America."

All articles of the Constitution are merely the means of carrying out the purpose stated in the preamble. The happiness and welfare of the country and its people are of primary consideration. Realizing that conditions change and that governmental laws must change to meet these new conditions, the framers of the Constitution made provision for changes in the Constitution in the form of amendments. Thus far twenty amendments have been passed and others are under consideration.

Because human slavery did not insure domestic tranquility, did not establish justice for the black man, did not promote the general welfare, the thirteenth and fourteenth amendments were passed; because the denial to women of the right to vote was an infringement upon their liberty and a violation of the principle of equality, the nineteenth amendment was passed. Because child labor is a detriment not only to children but to the general welfare, an amendment to abolish child labor is now before the states. Michigan, I believe, was the fifteenth state

to instruct each class carefully on a variety of topics.

1. The conditions that led up to the Constitution, both in this country, and the trends in other countries.

2. The men who formed the Constitutional convention, doing the actual work through that long summer in 1787.

3. The adoption of the finished document, with its functioning, interpretation, and changes.

4. Appreciation and respect for the heritage from the past, showing that only a thoughtful citizenry can carry forward the duties of the future, and teaching that the spirit of the document is more important than the letter.

I am very glad to have this expression of interest in our young people. They are our most valuable source, in Grayling as in any town. I am glad also that they can be so clearly shown that others besides the authors of textbooks and teachers are vitally concerned with our Constitution.

Shall Constitution Be Constructed Liberally Or Strictly? (By Chas. E. Moore)

Should the Constitution be construed liberally, or should it be construed strictly? For nearly 150 years the people of our nation have heard that question asked. And just what do men mean when they argue either for a liberal or a strict construction of the Constitution? Liberally in favor of what, or strictly against whom?

Lawyers learn very early in their legal experience one cardinal rule of construction that applies to all written instruments. The intent and the pur-

pose of the writing is to be gathered from the entire document taken as a whole and from the facts and circumstances surrounding its execution. So to properly understand what we mean by a strict or a liberal construction of the Constitution we must first go back and consider what took place when the delegates from 12 of the 13 colonies wrote it. From the latter part of May until the middle of September, 1787, these men deliberated upon the type of government to be established and upon the powers it would be given.

We must not forget that the Constitution was not considered perfect by its framers, that it was a compromise document agreed upon after weeks of discussion and controversy, that even such patriots as Patrick Henry opposed parts of it which were adopted. Let us not forget that our Constitution is not an end in itself, but a means toward an end. If it was necessary for the great commandments of love and the Sermon on the Mount to be added to the Ten Commandments to bring about a better world, why should we fear changes and additions to the Constitution to bring about a better country?

The present crisis demands adherence and obedience to the spirit of the Constitution; it also demands that we not hesitate to make such changes as will promote the general welfare.

Surely we must remind ourselves from time to time that the preamble says: "We, the people of the United States . . . no Wall Street, not the Hearst press, not any particular group, but the representatives of all of the people. Shall we also remind ourselves that poverty, unemployment, insecurity in old age are diseases within a nation, more deadly than any enemy without?" What pursuit of happiness is there for a man out of work? What liberty is there for a boy who must go to work in a cotton mill when he is twelve years old? What happiness is there for a woman who has no food in the house for her to cook for hungry children?

If then, poverty, unemployment, and social insecurity are diseases, are so recognized, and the welfare of a country are being jeopardized, the logical thing for a free people to do is to get rid of them. This must be done legally and according to a just and liberal interpretation of the Constitution. If, however, it is necessary to amend the Constitution again and again in order to achieve these ends, then the duty of the true patriot is to encourage and work for such amendments.

The test of our national loyalty and good citizenship is not in our desire to preserve and maintain the Constitution as it is, but in our desire and willingness to realize its aim and purpose.

Youth And the Constitution
(By Supt. Gerald Poor)

Our schools are run for the benefit of the students who attend them. This is true in Grayling, as it is in the systems of the country. Every year the Constitution of the United States is studied in our local schools. The history of this country is taught in the sixth, eighth, and eleventh grades. It had its effect on the world history course of the tenth grade, and our governmental system is the entire subject matter of the Senior Civics course. We try to instruct each class carefully on a variety of topics.

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In Autumn Days . . .

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Plan to spend the Autumn in Grayling where you may stop at a Hotel that is comfortable and pleasant while you enjoy the beauties that nature offers here.

And our Cocktail Room always has in stock the best of Liquors to suit your taste.

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Many Attend District Meeting

Some 150 Legionaires and Auxiliary members attended the meeting of the 10th district here Monday, among whom there were delegations representing Bay City, Mt. Pleasant, Standish, Clare, Beaverton, Coleman, West Branch, Roscommon, Prudenville, Mio together with a large turnout from Grayling.

Headquarters was at the Legion hall, where the visitors registered during the afternoon and made themselves at home until the hour of the business meetings at 5:00 o'clock. The Legionaires held their business session at the court room in the courthouse and Committeeman Alfred Hanson presided over the meeting with much dignity. He explained that 10th district delegates were to go to the National convention at St. Louis, Missouri instructed to vote for immediate payment of the soldiers bonus, but that on other current issues that arose that they were to use their own judgment as to the decisions they would make, based however upon developments at the said business sessions.

There must have been and there were many long and bitter arguments over the power and the authority to be given to the central government. In those days political liberty and political equality were privileges that were young and were closely guarded. They had been won only after a long and bitterly hard won war. Men had no intention of forming a government that would in any way jeopardize those liberties.

And when arguments arose as to the extent of the powers to be vested in the new government, it was repeatedly stated upon the floor of the convention that the Constitution to be written was to be only a delegation or a grant of powers to the central government and all powers not given were to be retained by the people.

We find this expressly provided for in the Constitution itself Article 1, section 1 provides:

"All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the U. S."

Again in section 8 of Article 1: "The Congress shall have power . . ."

However some of the States felt that the Constitution was not specific enough on the point and so the 10th Amendment, being a portion of the so called Bill of Rights, was added. It provides: "The powers not delegated to the U. S. by the Constitution nor prohibited by it to the States are reserved to the States respectively or to the people."

So we find from its own expressly stated provisions and from the intent of the men who framed it that the Constitution was a giving up or a granting of certain powers to a central government. Therefore with this background in mind, we mean, when we speak of a liberal or a strict construction of the Constitution whether the powers so granted by the people shall be construed liberally in favor of the government or strictly against it.

In the early days of the new government the question of construction and of the limitations upon the powers of the Congress became so bitterly argued that two factions grew up, the strict constructionists and the liberal constructionists. The strict constructionists headed by Hamilton, championed a strong central government and a broad interpretation of its powers. The strict constructionists headed by Jefferson, took the opposite viewpoint.

There are certain powers vested in Congress and not enumerated in the Constitution. The Supreme Court of the United States

(Continued on last page)

some remarks on the same subject. Lt. A. C. Connolly, chaplain of the fourth district of the Civilian Conservation corps was on the program to talk on his work in the CCC camps, but his talk was cut short owing to its getting late. The new committeeman, Alfred Hanson, made a few remarks telling about a meeting of commanders and adjutants that is to be held at Clare tomorrow to discuss plans for the trip to the national convention at St. Louis.

The remainder of the evening was spent at the Officers club where dancing and refreshments were enjoyed. The orchestra that had been playing at Spike's Keg O' Nails furnished the music, and during the evening the newly organized German band known as "The Hungry Nine" made their appearance. First the Leader Comrade Walter First and two of the drummers, walked in and as he announced the remainder of the band they came in from all doors surrounding the ball room. They did a lot of playing and drilling and made a big hit and had everybody about splitting their sides laughing. Other members of the band, all in clever make-ups, included Earl Hewitt, Clarence Johnson, Adolph Peterson, Charles Tinker, Harold Skingrove, "Spike" McNeven, Harry Sorenson, Jack McMillan.

These conventions are always interesting and pleasant gatherings and at each one new friendships spring up. Everybody enters into it and when you attend one district convention you'll be wanting to attend every one.

Judge—Rev. Edgar Flory.

Prosecuting Atty.—F. J. Mills.

Defense Atty.—Cecil Roberts.

Prisoner's little daughter—Gloria Moore.

Sheriff—C. E. Moore.

Finger Print Expert (Police Dept.)—Frank Bond.

Court Clerk—Kenneth Gothro.

Star Witness—Mrs. A. J. Trudeau.

Court Bailiff—George Schroeder.

Summoned on the Jury: Willard Cornell.

Emil Giebling.

Howard Granger.

Dr. C. G. Clippert.

Merle Nellist.

Rev. Charles Stevens.

Rev. Hans Juhl.

Mrs. Carl Hanson.

Mrs. T. P. Peterson.

Miss Helen Babbitt.

Mrs. Axel Peterson.

Mrs. Frank Barnett.

Admission to the trial will be free. A voluntary offering will be taken. The trial is being sponsored in co-operation of the churches and everyone is invited to attend. This is the first appearance of this trial in Grayling and a large crowd is expected to fill the Michelson Memorial Church if the citizens

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THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1935

OBJECT TO HOME TALENT SHOW PROMOTION

The Gaylord Chamber of Commerce at their last meeting went on record as opposing home talent shows in which advertising is promoted for the benefit of some worthy local organization, half of the proceeds for the advertising and for admissions going to an outside promoter. They say the advertising is worthless and the plays are poorly presented and the business men pay the cost. They are glad to assist the local organization but object further to spending a lot of money for the benefit of some outside promoters.

The same sentiments prevail here in Grayling. There is no criticism of the organizations putting on these plays but there seems to be a general feeling against letting some stranger come here and carry away a lot of money that comes out of the pockets of the business and professional men.

CONSTITUTION DAY

Perhaps there has never been another time in the history of the United States when it was so necessary for Americans to assert their faith in the Constitution. That bulwark of our hope and strength as a nation needs to know its friends. It is time for its supporters to come forth unafraid, to stand solidly aligned in the name of freedom, justice, and liberty.

It is wholly fitting that during this week of Constitution Day—Tuesday, September 17th—we should rededicate ourselves to upholding the Constitution. Enemies scoff at it, ridicule it, and would destroy it. Destruction of this Magna Charta of our democracy would doom the people to the servil estate 'hat we see in practically every nation outside the United States. Americans want no part of that—they paid too dearly for their liberty. Take heed, then, Americans, and defend your Constitution!

Let this, the American's Creed, be our solemn prayer on Constitution Day: I believe in the United States of America as a Government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign states; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice, and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.

I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it; TO SUPPORT ITS CONSTITUTION; to obey its laws, to respect its flag; and to defend it against all enemies.

GOVERNMENT CHARGE ACCOUNTS ARE COMING DUE

Says the Texas Bee-Picayune, editorially: Have you ever noticed how easy it is to establish a charge account in a department store? But no matter how easily credit is obtained, or how small the payments, they have an embarrassing way of coming due regularly, and you pay—or else!

People of the United States are just now waking up to the fact that they have been on a gigantic spending spree. Never did they use the public credit so freely. But the day of reckoning is

here. Charge accounts are coming due and payments will have to be made.

Just as the unwary customer is talked into spending more than he can afford by the super-salesmanship of the expert clerk, so have an unwary people been talked into spending more than they can well afford by the silver tongues of politicians. In the latter case, however, the people thought they were getting something for nothing—that the millions of dollars handed out in the name of "relief" and "recovery" would be taken from somebody else's pocket.

But the dream has ended. The tax-gatherer's hand is going right down into Jones' pocket to take out money to pay the charge account—for the "gifts" to Jones' account.

TRIBUTE TO WEEKLIES ONE OF ROGERS' BEST

Some of the late Will Rogers' philosophic and humorous paragraphs will go down in literary history as masterpieces. And perhaps one of the finest of these is his tribute to the "home town paper," one of his last writings. last writings.

"Take away my ham, take away my eggs, even chili," said Will, "but leave me my newspaper. Even if it has such pure local news as Jim Jones came home last night unexpectedly, and bloodshed ensued" or "Jesse Bushyhead, our local M. D., is having one of the best years of his career, practically speaking—but they just won't pay him when they get well," the county seat was packed yesterday with prominent people from out of town, attempting to renew their notes and 'election ain't far off and everybody is up for office that can sign an application blank.'

"Now all that don't seem much news to you. But it is news to you, especially when you know the people and they are your own folks. So no matter how punk you may think your local newspaper is getting why just take it away from you and see how you feel. The old home town weekly newspaper, I think, is just about our biggest blessing.

"So let's all read and be merry for tomorrow the paper may not have enough ads to come out."

SPONSORING SERIES OF HEALTH LECTURES

Through the efforts of the American Legion Auxiliary a series of six lessons in health are being given at the Legion hall each Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock. These health lectures are being given by Dr. Stocking of the State Board of Health and the third lesson next Tuesday is "The Beginning of Life."

Ladies, you are invited to come and be prepared to ask questions on any health problem. The lessons are especially of interest to women and young ladies over 16 years old and they will find Dr. Stocking very well versed in her subjects. There was a very small crowd out to the last lecture and unless the attendance is improved the remainder of the lessons will be lost. Women, show your appreciation of the efforts of the Auxiliary, by attending these free lectures.

Mr. D. W. Young, local manager for the Western Union Telegraph Company, is being relieved for a vacation by Mr. L. M. Myers of the Chicago relief force. Mr. Young and family will spend their vacation visiting Mrs. Young's mother in Ypsilanti.

Returning Monday from their two weeks vacation trip Misses Ingeborg Hanson and Olga Nielsen are telling how much they enjoyed the 7,300 mile trip by rail that took them into 18 states. In the west they had the pleasure of visiting many former Grayling folk, took in the exposition at Santiago, visited Hollywood, Catalina Island, Glacier Park, and just about every place of real interest out there.

Comrade Frank Becker is carrying his left hand in a bandage. He had the misfortune to break some of the bones in it Thursday while at work.

There will drum and bugle practice tonight, Thursday. Everybody out.

Legion Jottings

The Drum and Bugle corps held their regular practice drill last Thursday night.

Everybody seemed to have a great time at the district convention here Monday. Come again all you 10th district Legionaires and Auxiliary members.

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HOUGHTON LAKE
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The Mississippi and Tributaries

The Mississippi river proper is about 2,900 miles long, 2,161 of them navigable. From the mouth of the Mississippi to the headwaters of the Missouri, however, is a distance of 4,200 miles, and 2,682 miles of the Missouri may be navigated. The navigable tributaries of the Mississippi number 45, and the entire system offers 16,000 miles to traffic. The area drained is 1,207,845 square miles.

It seems the sun always shines at Camp Swastika on the AuSable and especially on the day in each autumn that Mrs. David Kneff is hostess to St. Mary's Altar society. Tuesday was the day and at the business meeting the following officers were elected: Mrs. George Burke, president; Mrs. Thomas Cassidy, vice president; and Mrs. Emil Kraus secretary-treasurer. After the meeting the ladies roamed through the grounds, many went for boat rides, and then to top of the afternoon a sumptuous dinner was served by the hostess.

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It seems the sun always shines at Camp Swastika on the AuSable and especially on the day in each autumn that Mrs. David Kneff is hostess to St. Mary's Altar society. Tuesday was the day and at the business meeting the following officers were elected: Mrs. George Burke, president; Mrs. Thomas Cassidy, vice president; and Mrs. Emil Kraus secretary-treasurer. After the meeting the ladies roamed through the grounds, many went for boat rides, and then to top of the afternoon a sumptuous dinner was served by the hostess.

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It seems the sun always shines at Camp Sw

Interesting Events In Grayling 23 Years Ago

INTERESTING ITEMS OF NEWS GATHERED FROM THE FILES OF THE AVALANCHE OF 23 YEARS AGO

Thursday, Sept. 19, 1912

Lorne Douglas of Frederic left on Tuesday for a few days visit with his parents at Johannesburg before leaving for Ann Arbor, where he will take up a course of Chemical Engineering at the U. of M.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Michelson, Mr. and Mrs. Bond, Mr. and Mrs. Woodhouse and Mrs. Furgeson, of Mason, Mich., were guests at the Douglas hotel at Lovells last week. The gentlemen enjoyed bass fishing on K. P. lake while the ladies took an auto trip down the river to the several club houses.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Barber of Frederic, Sept. 16th, a daughter.

Last Sunday evening Dr. Insley and family were in Frederic. Their auto went out of commission and they returned home in some other way.

Frank Higgins, son of J. J. Higgins, of Frederic, was found dead near the Walsh Manufacturing company's plant last Friday afternoon by a young man who had been picking berries. He was subject to heart trouble and it is thought must have collapsed during an attack. He was buried Sunday at Frederic cemetery.

N. P. Olson and wife left for Detroit last night on business.

A. C. Wilcox is attending the old soldiers reunion at Gaylord this week.

Mrs. Jas. Wingard leaves for Reed City, Monday, to visit an uncle, who is very ill.

Alfred Hanson came down from Wolverine yesterday and is at Mercy hospital.

Four members of the Michigan State Military board were on a tour of inspection in this section last week. They are looking for a suitable place for a permanent location for the Michigan National Guards.

Harold Rasmussen is attending the State fair this week.

Fred Welsh is here for a few days looking after business matters.

Lon Collen and Olaf Michelson are in Detroit on business this week.

Axel Becker, of Johannesburg stopped off here last Saturday while on his way to Detroit.

Miss Augusta Kraus who is teaching near Lovells, spent Sunday with her parents and friends.

Mrs. J. B. Woodburn has returned home after a visit with relatives in Jackson and Eaton Rapids.

Stephen Mogenson, of California, arrived here last Friday

family, on Chestnut street.

Rev. and Mrs. James Ivey returned Tuesday from the conference, held at Alpena. They will begin packing their household goods preparatory to moving to Oskosh, Wis. Mr. Ivey won't take pastoral charge of a church this year but will keep busy nevertheless in church work. He has been preaching 32 years and feels that he and Mrs. Ivey have done their duty and expect to take life easier from now on. Mr. Ivey will be succeeded as pastor of our local M. E. church by Rev. V. J. Hufton, formerly of Vanderbilt.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's church Monday morning by Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess, when Miss Anna Blondin, a popular young lady of this city, and Mr. John C. McClellan of Bay City were united in holy matrimony. The bride's sister, Miss Blanch acting as bridesmaid and her brother Mr. Mose Blondin as groomsman.

Little Miss Ruth Becker and friend Rosalyn Lewis of Johannesburg spent Sunday at the home of Miss Ruth's grandmother, Mrs. J. B. Woodburn.

Sorenson Bros. are improving their warehouse with a new roof.

Miss Anna Riess, of Ludington is visiting her brother, Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess.

Miss F. Reynolds gave a china shower for Miss Anna Blondin, last week, at her home.

Mrs. Benjamin Jerome of Grand Rapids is here assisting in the Post Office during her father's absence.

Miss Martha Joseph returned home from Detroit Monday, where she has been visiting her sister for the past two months.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hanson and daughter Miss Margrethe, have returned home from Detroit after a two weeks' visit with friends.

Peter Hanson and Lars Rasmussen are attending the fair at Detroit. They intend to spend a few days in Flint before returning.

Thos. D. Meddick, of Frederic, has been appointed by the township board to fill the vacancy occurred by the resignation of Treasurer George Collen.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Dawson have returned and are at home to their friends. At present they are making their home at Mrs. Dawson's parents, H. Petersen and wife.

H. Joseph returned home Monday after spending two weeks in Detroit and Chicago, purchasing his winter stock and also taking medical treatment.

H. E. Barlow of Chicago is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. O. Palmer.

Geo. Langevin has retired from the livery business, having sold his stock at auction, last Saturday.

Laurant and Woodburn played ball with Johannesburg against Gaylord Wednesday. Bill Green umpired.

Alfred Hughes and wife expect to occupy the house recently vacated by David Vernier and

ON LABOR DAY

By ANNE CAMPBELL

ONE never knows the satisfying taste
Of bread until he earns it . . .
Better still
To plow the stubborn earth, to
plant the waste
And carry the threshed wheat
down to the mill.
Bread that one gains by sweat is
better than
The proffered loaf . . . The gift of
luxury
Will never sing into the heart of
man
As will his triumph over poverty.
Once the soiled hands of Labor
were not held
In high repute, but now our daily
prayer
Is not for gifts of bread . . . Our
pleas have welled
From weary hearts that have too
much to bear.
But with new courage for the bitter
moll,
We pray to earn our bread by
honest toll.
Copyright—WNU Service.

Chic Tailored Suit



MY friends have any doubt that a new day for women has not only dawned but is in full swing, let them hark to this tale from Soviet Russia, where a wife sold her husband for a hundred rubles!

The couple were textile workers, in their thirties, and had three small children. A friend of the wife in the lower social position of a teacher, asked her help in finding a husband. She complained of not having the more fortunate factory worker's opportunities for meeting men, and offered the other woman a hundred rubles if she could get her a "kind hearted man with domestic tastes."

The wife needed a hundred rubles and her friend had never met her husband; so quite ingeniously she conceived the idea, not of selling him, but of renting him temporarily, so to speak. She arranged a satisfactory meeting between the two, and divorced her husband to enable him to marry the other woman.

Those are mere details in Russia today, and the plan was to have him return in a few weeks and remarry her. This is authentic, mind you, the subject of a news dispatch from Moscow; not a fairy tale.

The marriage went off smoothly and the money was paid. The only hitch in the plan came a few weeks later when the wife prepared to remarry her husband—and he would not go home! And the courts upheld him.

The moral—cheating cheaters? Oh, no. The story is too lascivious with other implications for one to be too serious about it. It turns my thoughts to past days when husbands could sell or give their wives, if they wanted them back they had only to settle that with the buyer—the wife was never consulted. Now comes a day when a wife sells or rents her husband! And yet it seems not so easy. When she wants him she can't get him back. And what defeats her utterly is that the courts support his claims of the right to stay with his current spouse.

Music Fails to Charm Snakes

Music has no charm for snakes, declares Heber Longman, director of the Queensland museum in Australia, after a series of experiments. All kinds of musical instruments were tried, all varieties of tunes were played, but not one snake turned as much as a scale. Museum authorities deduced that Australian snakes are not music lovers.

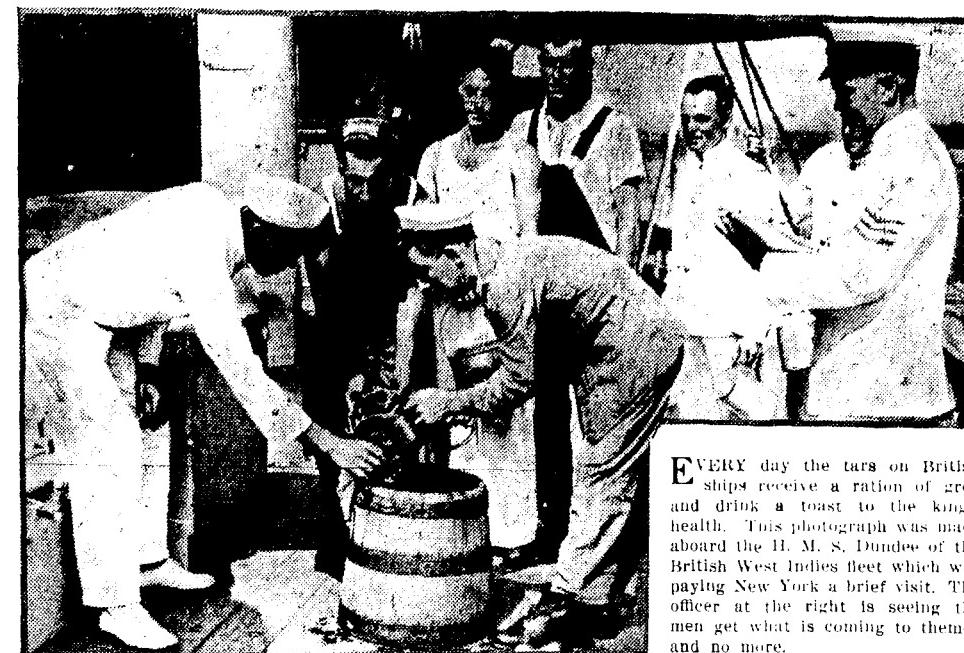
Heads Women of G. O. P.



This smiling lady portrayed here is Mrs. Robert Lincoln Hoyal, who was appointed recently to be director of the Women's Republican committee. The appointment was made by Henry P. Fletcher, chairman of the Republican national committee. Mrs. Hoyal is a former national committeewoman for Arizona.

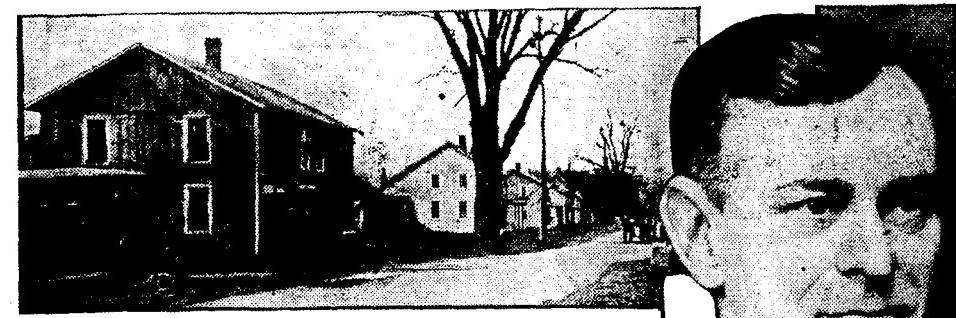
SOLD BY
AVALANCHE
Grayling, Mich.
Phone 111

His Majesty's Seamen Must Have Their Grog



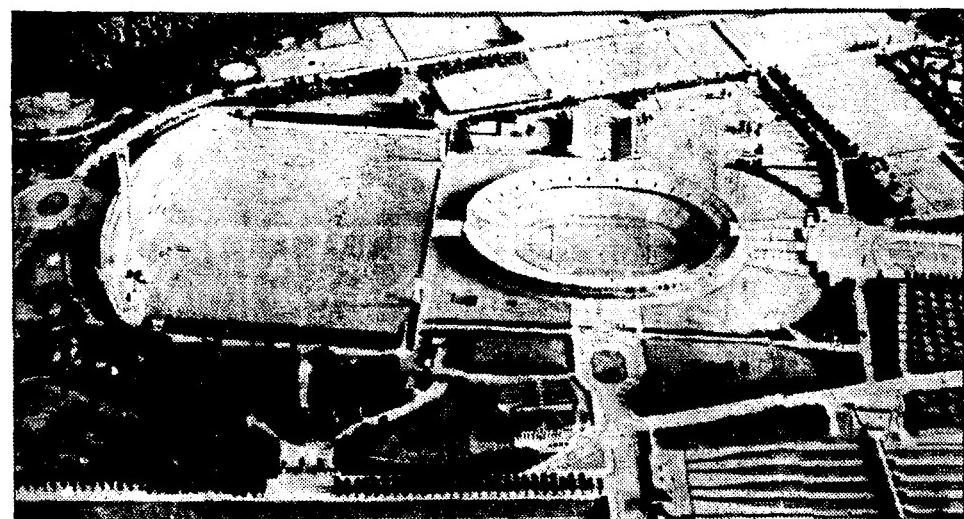
EVERY day the tars on British ships receive a ration of grog and drink a toast to the king's health. This photograph was made aboard the H. M. S. Dundee of the British West Indies fleet which was paying New York a brief visit. The officer at the right is seeing the men get what is coming to them and no more.

Buy a "Ghost" Village and Will Restore It



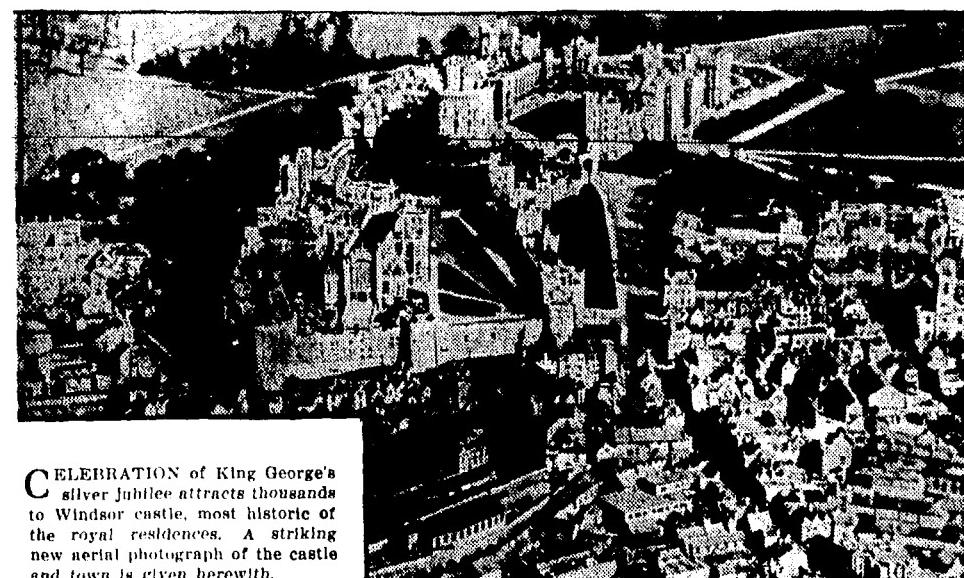
ANDREW T. MORSE (right), wealthy Pennsylvanian, is so sure prosperity is coming back that he has bought the entire village of Cannerytown, N. Y., which for eight years has been "dead" because the tannery, second largest in the world, closed down and most of its buildings were razed. Mr. Morse proposes to start a business employing about 50 men, and he will reside in the mansion formerly occupied by a factory superintendent. The village, a view of which is given above, consists of 22 houses, numerous barns, 100 acres of land and an eight-acre island in Tonawanda creek. Thirty-one families remained in the place when Mr. Morse acquired it.

Germany Prepares for the 1936 Olympic Games

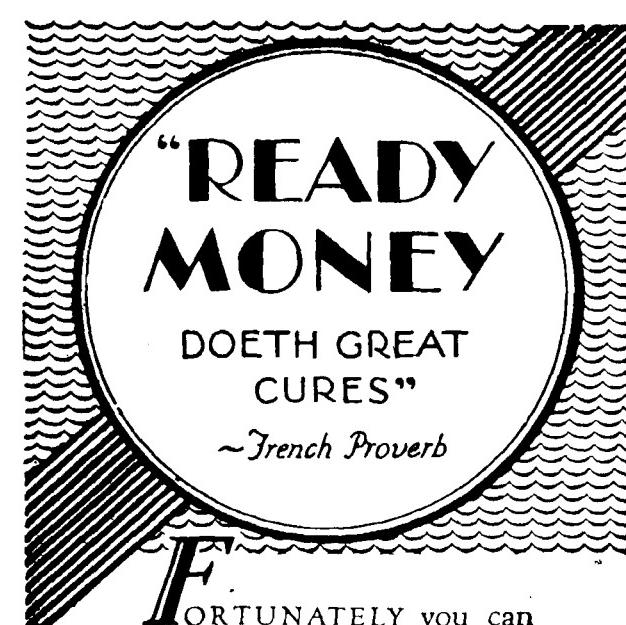


MORE than half a million spectators can sit comfortably in this enormous sports arena, the greatest concentration of stadia, gymnasias, fields and halls ever constructed in one single unit. Nine-tenths of all the activities of the next Olympic games will be centered here. But it will not take more than thirty minutes to fill or empty the great space, with the new transportation facilities created especially for the purpose. The center bowl is the Olympic stadium. On its opposite side, looking in the picture like an open double-winged door, is the swimming stadium. The large space to the left of the Olympic stadium is the assembly field, serving also as polo grounds. It covers more than twenty-four acres and accommodates 400,000 participants and spectators. On its left side rises the "Fuehrerturm" (Leader's tower) from which the Olympic bell will ring in the games. The oval near the lower left-hand corner, above the railroad cut, is the equestrian stadium. Opposite, in the midst of the wooded section in the upper left-hand corner, is the Dietrich Eckart open-air stage. To the right of it, the small round space, is the dancing arena. At the distant right, there is a group of gymnasias, pools and training buildings, with the "House of German Sports" and an auditorium for 14,500. On the extreme right, straight over from the big center bowl, are parking spaces for ten thousand automobiles. Just beyond is the hockey stadium. In the lower right-hand corner is the railroad station "Reichssportfeld." An underground railway station, also called "Reichssportfeld," is opposite the hockey stadium. There also are basketball fields and recreation halls.

King's Jubilee Draws Crowds to Windsor Castle



CELEBRATION of King George's silver jubilee attracts thousands to Windsor castle, most historic of the royal residences. A striking new aerial photograph of the castle and town is given herewith.



READY MONEY
DOETH GREAT CURES
~French Proverb

FORTUNATELY you can have *Rental Value Insurance* to pay the rental value of your property should there be a fire. You would need ready money to provide temporary quarters while your own property was being restored. The cost is moderate; let us give you the details.

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Avalanche Bldg., Phone III

Subscribe for the Avalanche

Dowmetal Canoe Developed by Saginaw Man

Invention of Charles W. Stiver Proves Superior to Old Type



Even after being filled with water, the dowmetal canoe shown in the picture above was able to support the weight of the three men, totaling 718 pounds, in the waters of Saginaw bay. At the right is Charles W. Stiver, developer of the new-type canoe, which is constructed partly of hollow, sealed, dowmetal tubes which make the canoe buoyant even if capsized.



One of these attractive Stiver Dow-Metal canoes was on exhibition at Shoppenagons Inn Friday and Saturday before the canoe carnival attracted considerable attention.

The one on display was the property of Mrs. Ralph C. Morley of Higgins Lake and was loaned for Grayling's canoe carnival. It was attractively lettered "Na-Ga-Mo-Qua." She said that when she was but a little girl, named Lucy Burroughs, her father used to receive visits from Chief Shoppenagons. Lucy liked to whistle and Old Shop gave her the name above, which means Whistling Girl. She is proud of her Indian name, as evidenced by her use of it in naming this fine canoe.

On the down-river trip from Grayling to Lincoln Lodge the canoeists—Herbert Huegel of Saginaw and Corvil Munn of Mio, report an easy running time of four hours and twenty-five minutes.

West Point Cadets Get Artillery Practice

FIRST classmen of West Point military academy always have a summer tour of duty at Fort Monroe, Virginia, and there they learn to operate the big guns that defend the Chesapeake bay region. Some of the boys are here seen firing the 155 mm. guns.

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TOWN AND STATE _____

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TOWN AND STATE _____

QUOTATIONS ON MAGAZINES NOT LISTED SENT ON REQUEST

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE CONTINUES TO GAIN**Bankers Report Nation-Wide Improvement in Goodwill Toward Banks**

NEW YORK.—Ninety-six per cent of over 300 reporting clearinghouses throughout the United States find concrete evidence of favorable turns in public opinion regarding banks. It is shown in the results of a survey made by "Banking," the monthly publication of the American Bankers Association. City and country districts in every state are represented in the survey. It points out:

"The outstanding conclusion is that there has been a genuine nation-wide improvement the last few months in the attitude of the public toward its banking institutions," the publication says. Statistical evidence on which the bankers base their conclusions which warrant this statement is described as follows:

The Evidence

"How do bankers know there has been an improvement in the public attitude? They have certain statistical evidence. They have seen their deposits increase substantially in nearly all the cases reported, and tremendously in some cases."

"For another thing, they know that fewer people are using safe deposit boxes for their savings."

"However, many express the view that they could throw out the statistical evidence and still realize that the public is in a better mood where the banks are concerned than before. The best evidence offered on this point, numerous bankers say, is to be found in the acceptance by the public of service charges and reduced deposit interest."

A Summary of the Returns

The statement presents the following summary of the survey:

"We find on breaking up the general classifications of replies to the poll that the 65 per cent of those answering with an unqualified 'yes' represent only a partial measure of the optimistic feeling. Adding the favorable replies included in other groups, (i. e. 'yes' with qualifications, 'no change' and 'mixed') we find that the vote shows a definitely healthy situation in 84 per cent of the localities reporting; at least some signs of improvement in another 12 per cent; a continuance of unfavorable conditions in 2 per cent, and a change for the worse in another 2 per cent."

As to reasons for the changes in public opinion regarding banks reported by the clearinghouses "more than one organization has a word to say about the American Bankers Association advertising and educational material," the magazine says.

It mentions in addition the benefits of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation in the emergency, improvement in the general business situation, the weeding out of weak banks and the banking moratorium.

"The response to the survey can be put down as encouraging and informative," the magazine concludes. "It holds out the definite hope that with a continuance of a cooperative, educational attitude on the part of the bankers the rest of the journey back to normal may well be completed in the not too distant future."

BANKERS ACTIVE IN SOIL SAVING MOVE**Issue Book Describing Causes, Ravages and Means of Prevention of Erosion**

MADISON, Wis.—Under the title "Protecting Investment Values in Land," the American Bankers Association Agricultural Commission has published a booklet dealing with the conservation of soil resources as a pressing national problem.

"Careful estimates indicate that 750,000,000 tons of soil, suspended and dissolved, are carried off to the sea each year by running water," the commission's book declares. "An equal amount removed from its source is left en route. This means a total of 1,500,000,000 tons, equal to approximately one ton for each acre of land in this country. The Soil Conservation Service estimates that already 35,000,000 acres have been practically ruined."

"There are 125,000,000 more acres that have lost the valuable topsoil, and it is estimated that still another 100 million acres are being converted into marginal or sub-marginal land, bringing disaster to those trying to eke out a living from erosion-enslaved soil, and threatening ruin to the next generation, since these destructive forces are going on at an ever increasing rate."

In a chapter devoted to control and preventive measures for soil losses it describes terracing, strip cropping, wind erosion control, gully control and the control of losses from leaching.

Other chapters are devoted to soil resources, the toll exacted by soil erosion, methods for keeping soils productive, state and national uses for non-agricultural land, forestry in a soil conservation program and wild life in a land use program. The booklet describes in detail the marshalling of many forces which is being brought about under the leadership of the Soil Erosion Service to meet this national problem.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Crane, late of the Township of South Branch, in said County of Crawford, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that 4 months from the 20th day of September A. D. 1935, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Grayling in said county, on or before the 20th day of January, A. D. 1936, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 20th day of January A. D. 1936, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 16th day of Sept., A. D. 1935.

George Sorenson,
9-19-4 Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of Benjamin A. Cooley, late of the City of Grayling, in said County of Crawford, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that 4 months from the 20th day of September, A. D. 1935, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Grayling in said county, on or before the 20th day of January, A. D. 1936, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 20th day of January, A. D. 1936, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

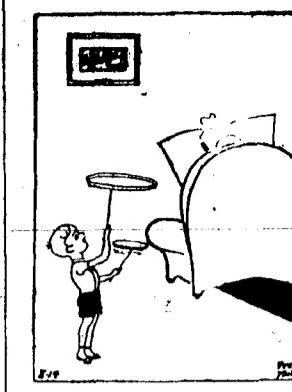
Therefore, the Conservation Commission, by authority of Act 230, P. A. 1925, hereby orders that regulations on migratory game birds as provided by Act 286, P. A. 1929, as amended, shall be abridged to permit the hunting of waterfowl (excepting ruddy duck and bufflehead) Wilson's snipe or Jacksnipe and coot during the season of 1935 only from October 21 to November 19, inclusive, excepting that it shall be unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, Wilson's snipe or Jacksnipe before 7 a. m. or after 4 p. m., and woodcock and rails excepting coot before 7 a. m. or after sunset, Eastern Standard Time: to prohibit the taking of ruddy duck, bufflehead, Ross's Geese, and provide daily bag and possession limits as follows: Ducks, (except ruddy duck and bufflehead)—10 in the aggregate of all kinds, and any person at any one time may possess not more than 10 ducks in the aggregate of all kinds; and not more than 4 geese and brant combined may be taken in one day or had in possession at one time.

To permit the hunting of rails, only from October 1 to November 19, inclusive, in the Upper Peninsula, and from October 15 to November 19, inclusive, in the Lower Peninsula; and providing daily bag limits of not more than 10 per day or 15 in possession of coot, Wilson's snipe and rails; to permit hunting woodcock in the Lower Peninsula only from October 15 to October 27, inclusive, and from October 1 to October 12, inclusive; only in the Upper Peninsula, and provide a limit of 4 woodcock per day and 4 in possession at one time.

To prohibit shooting of migratory birds with a shotgun (automatic or pump) that has a capacity of more than 3 shells; shooting waterfowl over baited areas; using live decoys in taking waterfowl; shooting waterfowl from a blind, boat or other craft that is more than 100 feet from shore or 100 feet from natural growth or vegetation existing beyond shore line and protruding above surface of water at time of shooting; using sneak boat, sink box, battery, power-propelled boat, sailboat, or other craft that is towed by power boat or sailboat in taking migratory waterfowl.

Signed, sealed, and ordered published this 13th day of August, 1935.

P. J. Hoffmaster, Director, Department of Conservation. Conservation Commission by: Wm. H. Loutit, Chairman, Ray E. Cotton, Secretary / 9-5-4

PAPA KNOWS

"Pop, what is literature?"
"Back shelf."
© Bell Syndicate—WNU Service.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

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In the matter of the estate of James F. Crane, late of the Township of South Branch, in said County of Crawford, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that 4 months from the 20th day of September, A. D. 1935, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate court, in the City of Grayling in said county, on or before the 20th day of January, A. D. 1936, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 20th day of January, A. D. 1936, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Therefore, the Conservation Commission, by authority of Act 230, P. A. 1925, hereby orders that regulations on migratory game birds as provided by Act 286, P. A. 1929, as amended, shall be abridged to permit the hunting of waterfowl (excepting ruddy duck and bufflehead) Wilson's snipe or Jacksnipe and coot during the season of 1935 only from October 21 to November 19, inclusive, excepting that it shall be unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, Wilson's snipe or Jacksnipe before 7 a. m. or after 4 p. m., and woodcock and rails excepting coot before 7 a. m. or after sunset, Eastern Standard Time: to prohibit the taking of ruddy duck, bufflehead, Ross's Geese, and provide daily bag and possession limits as follows: Ducks, (except ruddy duck and bufflehead)—10 in the aggregate of all kinds, and any person at any one time may possess not more than 10 ducks in the aggregate of all kinds; and not more than 4 geese and brant combined may be taken in one day or had in possession at one time.

To permit the hunting of rails, only from October 1 to November 19, inclusive, in the Upper Peninsula, and from October 15 to November 19, inclusive, in the Lower Peninsula; and providing daily bag limits of not more than 10 per day or 15 in possession of coot, Wilson's snipe and rails; to permit hunting woodcock in the Lower Peninsula only from October 15 to October 27, inclusive, and from October 1 to October 12, inclusive; only in the Upper Peninsula, and provide a limit of 4 woodcock per day and 4 in possession at one time.

To prohibit shooting of migratory birds with a shotgun (automatic or pump) that has a capacity of more than 3 shells; shooting waterfowl over baited areas; using live decoys in taking waterfowl; shooting waterfowl from a blind, boat or other craft that is more than 100 feet from shore or 100 feet from natural growth or vegetation existing beyond shore line and protruding above surface of water at time of shooting; using sneak boat, sink box, battery, power-propelled boat, sailboat, or other craft that is towed by power boat or sailboat in taking migratory waterfowl.

Signed, sealed, and ordered published this 10th day of July, 1935.

P. J. Hoffmaster, Director, Department of Conservation. Conservation Commission by: Wm. H. Loutit, Chairman, Ray E. Cotton, Secretary / 9-5-4

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of Anna Heribson, deceased.

Mrs. Olga Boesen of the City of Grayling, Michigan having filed in said court her petition praying that the administration and settlement of said estate be granted to Lewis D. Heribson, of the City of Grayling, Michigan, or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 23rd day of September A. D. 1935, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

George Sorenson, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

George Sorenson, Judge of Probate.

9-5-4

Illinois Named for Indians
Illinois was named after the tribe of Indians found by La Salle in 1680 when he sailed along this river; the name is understood to signify "tribe of superior men." Permanent settlements were made about the year 1720. Detroit, its name signifying "strait," was founded by Cadillac in 1701.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

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House Insulation

A well insulated house will not only make the home more comfortable but it spells economy in fuel as well. New Homes should contain this modern service and Old Homes may have it installed.

Ask us about it.

Grayling Box Company

Everything In Building Material

Personal and Social

THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1935

Mrs. Burton Shaw is visiting her mother, Mrs. Foutch in Gladwin.

Mrs. Marius Hanson and Mrs. Harold Cliff spent the week end in Ypsilanti and Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Johnson have as their guest Mrs. Florence Weis, of Milwaukee.

Mrs. Fern Whitman of Lewiston arrived Tuesday and is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Scott.

Francis Brady returned Monday to Lansing, after spending a week visiting at the parental home.

Ted Morris, accompanied by William Fairbotham and sons, of Beaver Creek, made a business trip to Cheboygan and Alpena, Sunday.

Saturday, Harold Skingley and family drove to Kalkaska where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Vallad.

Mrs. James Bugby, accompanied by her nephew, Arthur May, drove to Alma, Tuesday, where she received optical treatment from Dr. McWell.

Mr. and Mrs. George Granger and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lamm returned Sunday from their trip to Niagara Falls and "points East" and report a very nice trip.

Mrs. H. W. Wolff left Sunday for West Branch and Lansing. She will return Wednesday and then leave Friday for her home in New York after spending the summer at her home on Lake Margrethe.

Mrs. H. A. Bauman and Mrs. Esbern Hanson, accompanied by Mrs. Walter Woodson and daughter Grace Matilda, drove to Detroit Monday. Mrs. Woodson and daughter will leave there for her home, Salisbury, N. C., after spending the summer with her mother at Lake Margrethe.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Dyer and children of Midland, accompanied by Mrs. Louise Papendick and Mrs. Cora Squires and son Junior, spent the week end visiting the Papendick families here. Mrs. Papendick remained for a longer visit with her children and their families here and at Beaver Creek.

Mrs. Louise Connine was hostess to thirteen of her friends at a luncheon Saturday afternoon. The affair was a farewell party for Mrs. H. W. Wolff who was leaving soon for her home in New York. Mrs. Connine's summer home is a beautiful place for entertaining and as she makes a very gracious hostess the party was very lovely.

Arthur Wandt returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Detroit and Cleveland.

Emil Giegling left Monday for Chicago, where he spent several days on business.

Roy Trudgen had as his guest over the week end, Douglas Parlor, of Chicago.

Miss Marie Eisenbach returned, Monday, from Saginaw where she visited at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Menno Corwin and Miss Irene McKay spent the week end in Detroit.

Mrs. Clyde Peterson is enjoying a week's vacation from her duties in the offices of Drs. Keyport & Clippert.

Mrs. Peter Robertson entertained several ladies at her home Tuesday afternoon, the occasion being her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. H. R. Bay left last week for her home in Corvallis, Mont., after a pleasant summer's visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith and Mr. and Mrs. James Cameron were guests Sunday of Mrs. Sarah Milne at the lake.

Dr. Stanley Stealy attended a meeting of the Bay County Medical society last Wednesday evening in Bay City.

David Brown, colored, charged with a statutory offense, was discharged by Justice Petersen for lack of evidence, he states, after examination.

Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Stealy, Mrs. Roy Milnes and son Roy and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hoesli spent last Friday in Saginaw. The gentlemen took in the county fair.

Mrs. O. M. Cody returned home Sunday from a few weeks visit with relatives in Flint. Mr. Cody and Miss Virginia, accompanied by George Miller drove down for the week end and to accompany her home.

Mrs. James Bugby is enjoying a week's vacation from her duties at the restaurant, leaving Wednesday for Flint, to visit Mrs. Edwin Weiler. Mrs. E. E. Bugby accompanied her and is visiting her daughter, Miss Clara.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bugby, accompanied by the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Sherman, drove to Mancelona Tuesday evening attending the WLS Barn Dance—in other words, Lullabellie.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Milks of Traverse City, came Friday to accompany home their son Lloyd who had been visiting for the past week at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lydell.

Gideon Crotteau drove up from Bay City, Sunday, to accompany his sister Mrs. Charles Peterson, of Los Angeles, to Bay City, she having spent several days visiting Mr. and Mrs. Nikolkin Schjotz.

Thomas Wells spent Monday in Lansing on business. Tuesday he drove over to Pontiac to accompany home Mrs. Claud Cardinal, who had been spending the week there. On the return trip they visited friends in Detroit.

Carl Doroh drove to Scottsville the first of the week to accompany home his sister, Mrs. Guy Wheaton and sons Junior and Eugene who have been here for some time. Mrs. Wheaton has been caring for her father, Herman Doroh, who has been very ill but is much improved.

Mrs. Andrew Brown returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives in Ann Arbor and Flint. Her son Roy and daughter Mrs. D. L. Wurzburg and daughter Kathryn Yvonne went to Flint to accompany her home, and Mrs. Wurzburg also visited in Lansing.

Mrs. Andrew Peterson spent the week end visiting relatives at Manistee.

Show Case for sale. Real bargain if taken soon. Inquire at Avalanche Office.

Miss Edith Collen spent the week end in Mackinaw City visiting friends.

The Arthur Worden family is now occupying the Sullivan residence near the airport.

Attorney and Mrs. Charles E. Moore and daughter Gloria spent the week end in Detroit.

The Danish Reading Circle met at the home of Mrs. Peter Petersen yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Adolph Peterson, accompanied by her daughter Jeirine, drove to Ann Arbor, Saturday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hewitt spent Saturday at Cheboygan, where they visited Sister Mary Pancratia.

Brian Brady of Detroit, together with a group of friends, spent the week end at his cabin on Eagle Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Mason and son Edward, of Detroit, spent the week end at their cottage at Lake Margrethe.

Mr. Amos Hunter, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. George Stephan, drove to Alba, Saturday, and spent the day.

Mrs. Olaf Michelson left for her home in Detroit Tuesday after spending the summer at her home on Lake Margrethe.

Rev. Edgar Flory attended the conference of the Fellowship for Christian Social Action held at Waldenwoods near Hartland last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Brant Herbison of Burt Lake, spent last Wednesday visiting at the home of the former's brother, Louis Herbison.

Mrs. Peter Robertson enjoyed having as her guests Sunday some old friends from Manistee, Mrs. August Peterson and daughters Misses Mabel and Helen.

Miss Betty Jerome returned from Pontiac Sunday. She reports her mother Mrs. Ben Jerome, who has been very ill, is improving.

Louis Herbison and son Robert spent Saturday visiting at Burt Lake, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Herbison's brother, Brant Herbison.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kernosky and children drove over to Kingsley, Sunday, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dahmer.

Luther Wilbur and son Eugene of Battle Creek, accompanied by his mother and Miss Beatrice Haan, visited friends here over the week end.

Pete Seera, accompanied by Mrs. Laura Welch and children, spent the week end in Kalkaska, where they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy.

Unusually attractive Christmas cards are on display in this office. A special discount is being offered on orders placed during the month of September. Delivery will be made in November or before if desired.

Guests over the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Trudeau, were the former's cousin, Clarence Trudeau and wife, of Detroit. They also had as guests Miss Irene Thieson and Richard Thieson, of Dearborn.

Mrs. Edward Trudeau and children left Saturday for their home in Mt. Pleasant after spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. Victor Salling. Mrs. Salling left the same day to visit her daughter and family, Mrs. Chas. Moore, at Saginaw.

Celebrating the birthday anniversary of her daughter Fay, Mrs. William Christensen entertained with a dinner at her home Sunday evening. Little Miss Christensen is now eleven years of age and covers were laid for eleven guests. A birthday cake was very cleverly decorated appropriately for the month of September, the layers being made to represent books and the decorations used representing various school articles. The guest of honor was presented with many lovely gifts.

Little Beverly Stephan being seven years of age, Saturday, her mother, Mrs. Herbert Stephan, entertained with a birthday party at the home of Beverly's grandmother, Mrs. Mrs. Carl Larsen. Tiny cupcakes used as place cards marked the places for nineteen guests, with the table centered with a huge birthday cake of pink, green and white. The afternoon was spent playing games, and prizes were won by Roger Bruce Schroeder, Ted McEvans and Patsy Larsen. The little guest of honor was presented with many lovely gifts.

Mrs. Mollie Breworth, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. C. B. Johnson, spent the week end visiting relatives at Manistee.

Amos Hunter, accompanied by Capt. John Spielman, of Lake Margrethe, made a business trip to Grand Rapids, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Little and children of West Branch were the week end guests of Mrs. Little's aunt, Mrs. Blanche Houghton.

James Perry returned home, Monday, from Ann Arbor, where he is receiving medical treatment at the University Hospital. He is getting along nicely.

Mrs. John Graham and daughters Jacqueline and Olive, of Bad Axe, arrived today to spend the remainder of the week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Souders.

Harry Reynolds, accompanied by Mrs. Reynolds and son Dick, attended the Buick Automobile convention, which was held at Flint, Saturday.

Mrs. B. J. Calahan and son Jack and Miss Lula Malonen drove to East Jordan Tuesday evening to visit Mrs. Bernard Brennen.

Mrs. Holger Schmidt left yesterday to spend a week visiting in Detroit, Chicago, and Milwaukee, at the latter place to visit her son Harold and wife.

South Side Locals

The Mrs. William Blaine residence is being given a fresh coat of paint.

Betty LaMotte was a week end guest at the John LaMotte home at Beaver Creek.

Mrs. John Martin of Sears is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Otto Cox.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Broadbent have as their guests for a few days, Ben Bishaw, of Bay City.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Atkinson have taken up their abode at the Frank Cochran residence.

Miss Irene Randolph entered Mercy Hospital yesterday, where she underwent a tonsil operation.

Morris Bennett left, Tuesday, for Midland where he will spend a week visiting his sister, Mrs. Eddie Baker.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bielski are enjoying an indefinite visit from their nephew, John Bogus, of Detroit.

Willard Harwood and his mother, Mrs. Fred Tatro, made a business trip to Bay City last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Chappel had as their guests over the week end, Mr. and Mrs. William McNeal of Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bancroft were made happy Saturday, by the arrival of a son. He is to be known as Walter Eugene.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Schröder and daughter Peggy, of Detroit, visited the forepart of the week at the home of George Bielski.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kolka are happy over the arrival of a daughter, born Monday, Sept. 18th. She will be known as Shirley Ellen.

Guests over the week end of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence VanAmmberg were Mr. and Mrs. Lon Valentine and daughter Helen, and Mr. and Mrs. VanNire, of Atlanta.

Melvin Voder of Lansing, is visiting at the home of Frank LaVack. Mrs. LaVack and Mrs. Louise Darroch and son Jimmy, returned Saturday from a week's visit at Saginaw.

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Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Lazowicz are mourning the death of their six-weeks-old daughter, Virginia Lee, who passed away at the home early Saturday morning. Death is believed to have been caused by indigestion, the baby passing away shortly after being taken ill.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at the Sorenson Funeral Chapel with Rev. Edgar Flory officiating. Interment was in Elmwood Cemetery. Surviving are the parents and two sisters, Clara and Viola.

Those attending the funeral from out of town were, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Howse, Mr. and Mrs. Archie Howse, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Winston, Conrad Howse, and Mrs. John Wilcox and son Francis, all of Maple Forest; and Harry Lazowicz of Alpena.

The Avalanche extends congratulations and best wishes.

Salsinger compares the Tigers with baseball heroes of the past. Read this series daily and Sunday in The Detroit News.

Lovely NIGHTINGALE Chiffons now made GENUINE RINGLESS

"HAND-TAILORED" to fit the contour of the leg **PERFECTLY!**

A new ingenious knitting device produces Nightingale hosiery, properly made shadowless right in the process of manufacture.

Special "Hand-Tailoring" removes excess material from the ankle and foot. With the ample heel pocket and the foot turned at a right angle to the leg, perfect fit is assured. The open gusset makes for greater elasticity and comfort at the top . . .

and they retain their shape after repeated washings

NIGHTINGALE
RINGLESS • Per Pair

49c

**Grayling Mercantile Company**

Phone 125

COUNTY ROAD PLANS

Michigan Works Progress Administration Sept. 17, 1935

Mr. Axel M. Peterson, Grayling, Michigan, Dear Sir:

Your letter of September 11th to Mr. Larned, State Director of the National Emergency Council, was referred to Mr. H. Lynn Pierson, State Director of the Michigan Works Progress Administration, and referred from Mr. Pierson to me.

Your project for resurfacing the river road and building a county garage will be approved, but I was forced to return your last road project as no plans or surveys had been made, and it will not be acceptable until this is done. The water main job will probably be approved also quite a large job at the Grayling Fish Hatchery. To add to these, the State Conservation Department has a project for your county. I am sure that these projects will take care of all the men available in Crawford county.

Very truly yours,

Martin A. Holland, Acting Dist. Director, Works Progress Adm.

DEMAND FOR TRUCKS

With the beginning of work under the new W.P.A. program there will be a demand for trucks and other road building equipment.

This equipment must be in first class mechanical condition and will be subject to a rigid safety examination.

Any one having such equipment for rent should communicate with the local W.P.A. office at Roscommon, stating type of equipment, capacity, and condition.

CHIED DIES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

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KIWANIANS OBSERVE CONSTITUTION WEEK

(Continued from front page)

States has many times in the past been called upon to decide upon the limitations of the powers granted to the Congress. It has seldom been without criticism for its decisions. But the Supreme Court has laid down the rule that the powers granted to the Congress should be liberally construed to effectuate the purpose and the intent of the original grant. And by the same authority the Constitution is to be strictly construed when efforts are made by those in power to read something into the Constitution that is not there.

Our Supreme Court has said that certain necessary powers not expressly mentioned in the Constitution are vested in Congress by implication. One example of powers by implication may be found surrounding the express power given to Congress to "establish post offices and post roads." In construing that grant of power the Supreme Court has said that coupled with the express grant and by necessary implication the Congress shall have the power to purchase land or obtain it by proper procedure in condemnation, to erect buildings, to hire and to discharge, to enter into contracts and to do all other things to the end that an efficient postal system may be established and maintained.

The founders of our Constitution in their wisdom divided the government into three branches, the legislative, to make the laws; the executive, to enforce the laws and the judicial, to interpret the laws, and each branch was to act as a check upon the other so that none might overstep its limitations. No one branch shall usurp or encroach upon the rights and powers of another. There is no place in our Constitution for "must legislation."

The men who wrote the Constitution knew that in all probability the time would come when, due to growth, and a changing economic and social order, changes in the Constitution might be necessary and desirable. Article 5 of the Constitution provides a method for adding amendments. The method was not made easy, for those patriots with steadfast determination to preserve what had been so costly to gain, desired and intended that there should be no experimentation with the liberties guaranteed to the people. And no program based upon such experimentation can long exist.

When it becomes necessary or proper to add to the power or authority vested in the Congress or in the Executive then the orderly procedure as expressly set forth in the Constitution should be followed. Our Supreme Court has said that when additional powers are to be granted, the people must be consulted and their permission given.

Men still argue either for a strict or a liberal construction of the Constitution and undoubtedly that is well for only through able argument and careful thought can we arrive at a correct solution. I personally believe in the wisdom of the Supreme Court's rule that each power expressly given shall be liberally construed in favor of the government to carry it into effect and that the Constitution shall be strictly construed whenever any effort is made to add something not given.

To all of you here today and

especially to you members of the Senior Class of the Grayling High school I say this: The Constitution is your heritage and my heritage of political liberty and equality, to be preserved and guarded for ourselves and for those who will surely follow us.

To me the instrument itself sparkles with the brilliancy of a Franklin and the rock bound courage and stability of a Washington. True Americans will not long stand for any interference with its guarantees of liberty and equality. And if the Constitution in its present condition and the Supreme Court decisions constraining it are relics of the horse and buggy days, then let us go back to the happy days of the horse and buggy with the Constitution and the Supreme Court and forget about the airplane age without them.

Citizenship

Dr. C. R. Keyport read an article on Citizenship that was presented before the National convention at San Antonio, Texas, in July by Joshua L. Johns of Appleton, Wis. It reads as follows:

My subject is "Citizenship." Kiwanians have learned in the past twenty years, as have all other citizens, that the fundamental problems of citizenship are the same in all free countries.

Everywhere in human society, two principals have been and are now at work, antagonistic to each other, yet each is essential to the well-being of civil society.

These are the principal of obedience and the principal of independence. The former, carried to excess, gives despotism. The latter, carried to excess, and generally diffused through a people, ends in anarchy.

The United States and Canada have amicably adjusted themselves to these two principals and, as a result, we have what we call free governments.

In order for popular government to succeed, we must all be capable of citizenship and serve our countries well. Upon this we must stand or fall. This requires intelligence, self-control and a conscience. We may have our faults but, unquestionably, our citizenships rest upon a more solid foundation today than perhaps in any other country or the globe.

Freedom, justice, popular enlightenment, progress in all arts and comforts of life exist with us on a more comprehensive scale than history has ever known. Rescuing the common man from obscurity, endowing him with self-respect, dignity and social and economic opportunity—this is our contribution to human progress. Do not forget that the responsibility for forming ideals and fixing responsibility does not rest with statesmen alone.

It belongs now, perhaps as never before, to the intellectual leaders of our two countries and especially to those who are teachers in schools and universities, also the press, radio, and moving pictures. All of these agencies which have a free hand, can inspire our citizenship with a love of truth and honor, with a high sense of the obligations of citizenship, and especially those who hold public office.

Great opportunities lie ahead of us, and there is much we may accomplish for the future of our two great countries. The foundations have already been laid, where the fabric of an enlightened and steady advancing civilization may be reared.

We have golden opportunities to show what an intelligent, zealous and interested citizenship may do for happiness for our countries, and enable us to become what our founders hoped we might be—models for other nations which have emerged recently into the sunlight of freedom.

Chaplain Connolly will be the speaker at the next week Wednesday meeting.

CHEAP TRIP TO NIAGARA FALLS

The Michigan Central railroad is making it possible for the people of this part of the country to have a fine trip at little cost. Fare for the round trip is only \$4.00—from Grayling to Niagara Falls. The train leaves here at 6:35 p. m. Saturday and arrives at Niagara Falls at 5:15 a. m. Sunday. Returning it leaves Niagara Falls at 6:15 o'clock Sunday evening.

The Niagara Gorge Belt Line is the scenic route around the Falls and thru the gorge. This seems like a rare opportunity for an interesting trip at little cost.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to our neighbors and friends for their kindness and sympathy in our late bereavement.

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